St Clement Danes Primary School
Maths Progression of Skills and Knowledge

	KS1		KS2			
	Year 1	**Year 2**	**Year3**	**Year 4**	**Year 5**	**Year 6**
Measurement: **Using Measures**	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - Lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) - mass/weight (heavy/light, heavier than/lighter than) - capacity and volume (full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter) - time (quicker, slower, earlier, later)	Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (g/kg); temperature; capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using <, > and =	Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)	Convert between different units of measure (for example, km to m; hour to minute) Estimate, compare and calculate different measures.	Convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre). Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example, lengths, mass, volume, money) using	Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate. Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up

	Measure and begin to record the following: - Lengths and heights -Mass/weight -Capacity and volume - Time (hours, minutes, seconds)				decimal notation, including scaling.	to three decimal places. Convert between miles and kilometres.
Measurement: **Money**	Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	Recognise and use symbols for pounds and pence; combine amounts to make a particular value. Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money, of the same unit,	Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both pounds and pence in practical contexts.	Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence.	Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure for example, money.	

		including giving change.				
Measurement: **Time**	Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before, after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening) Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.	Compare and sequence intervals of time. Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Know the number of minute in an hour and the number of hours in a day.	Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24 hour clocks. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight. Know the number of seconds in a	Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12-hour and 24 hour clocks. Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.	Solve problems involving converting between units of time.	Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa.

			minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. Compare durations of events (for example, to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks).			
Measurement: **Perimeter, Area and Volume**			Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes.	Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres. Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.	Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres. Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres	Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa. Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. Calculate the area of

					and square metres and estimate the area of irregular shapes.	parallelograms and triangles.
					Estimate volume and capacity.	Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres and cubic metres, and extending to other units (for example mm^3 and km^3).

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